SAFETY DATA SHEET

NG5030013

Section 1. Identifie	cation
Product name	: Ultra Hide Precat Lac 30 Gloss
Product code	: NG5030013
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Supplier	: Compania Sherwin-Williams S.A. de C.V. Poniente 140 No.595 Col. Industrial Vallejo, Del. Azcapotzalco C.P. 02300, Ciudad de México, México
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: 1-888-277-1448 Mexico: Not Available
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year
Section 2. Hazard	s identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 2% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 21.4% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 16. 7%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H350 - May cause cancer.
	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
	sources. No smoking.
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling
	equipment.
	P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
	P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
	P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
	P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P260 - Do not breathe vapor.
	P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
	P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
	P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable
	for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
	P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or
	physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated
	clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
	P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash
	contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
	P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storege	
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
	P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.
	P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national
	and international regulations.
Supplemental label	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which
elements	can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by
	deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING:
	This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and
	birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.
	•
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not
	transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue
classified	may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel
	wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled,
	metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

- Other means of

identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
n-Butyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
Xylene, mixed isomers	≥10 - ≤20	1330-20-7
Titanium Dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Cellulose Nitrate	≥10 - ≤25	9004-70-0
Ethanol	≤10	64-17-5
2-Propanol	≤5	67-63-0
Ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4
1-Butanol	<3	71-36-3
Unsaturated Fatty Acids	<1	85711-46-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

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Section 4. First a	id measures
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	nptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate mo	edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
: Do not use water jet.
: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

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ngredient name	Exposure limits	
n-Butyl Acetate	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 	
Kylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust	
Cellulose Nitrate Ethanol	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
2-Propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.	

	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Butanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	CEIL: 50 ppm
	CEIL: 150 mg/m ³
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Unsaturated Fatty Acids	None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Normal butyl acetate	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
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	Titanium dioxide	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).
		TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust
		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust.
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Ethyl alcohol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
		8 hrs OEL: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		7/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
		TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	Isopropyl alcohol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 984 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 492 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
		TWAEV: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 983 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1230 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		7/2013). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	Ethylbenzene	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
		8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).
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	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Normal butyl alcohol	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. C: 30 ppm CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin. STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 152 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene, mixed isomers	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Propanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
1-Butanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	1 WA. 20 ppin 0 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u> Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	Not available.	
Odor	Not available.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.	
Boiling point/boiling range	: 77°C (170.6°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 11°C (51.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	: 1.6 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1% Upper: 19%	
Vapor pressure	: 5.9 kPa (44 mm Hg) [at 20°C]	
Vapor density	: 1.5 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: 1.06	
Solubility	Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	Not applicable.	
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion : 16.656 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Cellulose Nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms	-
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Section 11.10	xicological informati			
				Intermittent
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 -
				milligrams
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 -
				minutes 100
				milligrams
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 -
		D-b-b-1		microliters
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 -
	Skin - Mild irritant	Dabbit		milligrams 400 -
	Skin - Milu Initant	Rabbit	-	milligrams
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20
		Rabbit		milligrams
2-Propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 -
				milligrams
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams -
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 -
				milligrams
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 -
				milligrams
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 -
				milligrams
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 -
				milligrams
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 -
	Even Severe irritent	Dabbit		
	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters - 24 hours 20 -
		Rabbit	-	milligrams
				migranis

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Cellulose Nitrate	-	2A	-
Ethanol	-	1	-
2-Propanol	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

5			
Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-Propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethanol	Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2	Not determined Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

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routes of exposure		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion :	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
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Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Delayed and immediate ef	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates		
Route	ATE value	
Oral	11135.1 mg/kg	
Dermal	4982.4 mg/kg	
Inhalation (gases)	25276.3 ppm	
Inhalation (vapors)	307.4 mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Cellulose Nitrate	Acute EC50 579000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
		subcapitata	
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia	48 hours
		franciscana - Larvae	
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -	12 weeks
		Larvae	
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2-Propanol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
2-PT0parloi			
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
2-Propanol	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)		3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	П	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-		-	-	Emergency schedules F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		

consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Pollution category	: Not available.
Ship type	: Not available.
Proper shipping name	: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations	
International lists	: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	3
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data	
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method	
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method	
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method	
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method	

History

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Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements

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Section 16. Other information

are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.