SAFETY DATA SHEET

C127022

Section 1. Identification

Product name : High Performance Water White Conversion Varnish

Dull

Product code : C127022

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : M. L. CAMPBELL

101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company

: (216) 566-2917

Product Information Telephone Number

: (800) 364-1359

Regulatory Information Telephone Number

: (216) 566-2902

Transportation Emergency

(000) 404 0000

Telephone Number

: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown oral toxicity: 9.8%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 22.7%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 58.

7%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Dange

Hazard statements : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause cancer.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Contains Formaldehyde - a potential cancer hazard. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
n-Butyl Acetate	≥25 - ≤50	123-86-4
1-Butanol	≤6.7	71-36-3
Ethyl Acetate	≤10	141-78-6
Ethanol	≤5	64-17-5
2-Methyl-1-propanol	≤4.4	78-83-1
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	≤2	107-98-2
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	≤3	68002-18-6
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	≤1.6	110-43-0
Cellulose Nitrate	≤3	9004-70-0
Fumed Amorphous Silica	≤3	112945-52-5
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	<1	64742-82-1
UV Light Absorber	≤1	104810-48-2
Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer	≤1	104810-47-1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	95-63-6
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤0.3	64742-95-6
Xylene mixed isomers	≤0.3	1330-20-7
Formaldehyde (max.)	<0.1	50-00-0

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Contains a formaldehyde-based resin which, under certain conditions of use, may release formaldehyde. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

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Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-Butanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm
	CEIL: 30 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m ³
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethyl Acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1440 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Methyl-1-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 369 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 360 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 540 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	None.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

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TWA: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m³ 10 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 6 mg/m³ 10 hours.

None. None. None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.

OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

TWA: 0.016 ppm 10 hours. CEIL: 0.1 ppm 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 0.75 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 2 ppm 15 minutes.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

STEL: 0.3 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Cellulose Nitrate

Fumed Amorphous Silica

Heavy Aliphatic Solvent

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons

Xylene mixed isomers

Formaldehyde (max.)

Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer

UV Light Absorber

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Normal butyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

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Normal butyl alcohol

Ethyl alcohol

Isobutyl alcohol

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether

STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).

8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).

TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.

C: 30 ppm

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

Absorbed through skin.

STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 152 mg/m3 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).

8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).

8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 152 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

15 min OEL: 553 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 369 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).

STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

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TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 369 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 553 mg/m3 15 minutes.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).

8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).

8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2017).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).

TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Methyl n-amyl ketone

Xylene

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Butanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Ethyl Acetate	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
ethanol	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).

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STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). 2-methylpropan-1-ol

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Skin

sensitizer. CEIL: 0.3 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone

Formaldehyde (max.)

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available. Odor : Not available. : Not available. **Odor threshold** Ha : Not available. **Melting point/freezing point** : Not available. : 72°C (161.6°F) **Boiling point/boiling range**

Flash point : Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

: 3.91 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate**

: Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Lower: 1.1% Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits Upper: 19%

Vapor pressure : 11.5 kPa (86 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density : 1.5 [Air = 1] **Relative density** : 0.95

: Not available. **Solubility** Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt) **Viscosity**

Molecular weight Not applicable.

Aerosol product

Heat of combustion : 19.215 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Incompatible materials

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

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High Performance Water White Conversion Varnish

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
2-Methyl-1-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
Isobutylated Urea-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
Formaldehyde Polymer				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Cellulose Nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Fumed Amorphous Silica	LD50 Oral	Rat	3160 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Xylene mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Formaldehyde (max.)	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	250 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	100 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.06666667	-
				minutes 100	
	From Madenata instant	D - 1-1-11		milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
	Even Sovere irritant	Dobbit		microliters 500	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		milligrams 400	
	Skiii - Willa li illalit	Rabbit	_	milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 20	_
	OKIT - Woderate irritarit	Rabbit		milligrams	
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	_
1 Wellexy 2 propertor	Lyoo wiiia iiritant	rabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500	_
				milligrams	
Isobutylated Urea-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100	_
Formaldehyde Polymer	,			microliters	

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 -	
				milligrams	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 -	
,	,			microliters	
Xylene mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams -	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 -	
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 -	
				microliters	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 -	
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent -	
Formaldehyde (max.)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	6 minutes 1 -	
				parts per	
				million	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 -	
				Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	750 -	
				Micrograms	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 150 -	
				Micrograms	
				Intermittent	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 Percent -	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	540 -	
	Olain Madanata innitarat	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 -	
	Oldin One and inditions	D - 1-1-11		milligrams	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 -	
				milligrams	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethanol	_	1	-
Cellulose Nitrate	_	2A	-
Fumed Amorphous Silica	_	3	-
Xylene mixed isomers	_	3	-
Formaldehyde (max.)	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate 1-Butanol	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethyl Acetate Ethanol	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Xylene mixed isomers	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Formaldehyde (max.)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-Butanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 1	Not determined	central nervous system (CNS)
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Xylene mixed isomers Formaldehyde (max.)	Category 2 Category 2	Not determined Not determined	Not determined Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

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Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	9002.1 mg/kg
Dermal	24786.6 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	113.3 mg/l

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Dull

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
·	Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethyl Acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
•	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	32 days
		Embryo	
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia	48 hours
		franciscana - Larvae	
	Acute LC50 42000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -	12 weeks
		Larvae	12
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
ey p. epae.	Acute LC50 1030000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	reace 2000 recover pg/rrream mater	Neonate	10110010
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Cellulose Nitrate	Acute EC50 579000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
Condidate Militate	Note 2000 07 0000 pg/11 resit water	subcapitata	Joo Hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus	48 hours
1,2,1 11	reace 2000 for pg/r marine water	pectenicrus - Adult	10110010
	Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
Aylerio mixed leemere	rodic 2000 0000 pg// Marino Water	pugio	10 Hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Formaldehyde (max.)	Acute EC50 3.48 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
official (filax.)	Addic 2000 0.40 mg/11 resit water	subspicatus	72 110013
	Acute EC50 0.788 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.98 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC30 12.90 mg/11 resit water	dubia - Neonate	40 110013
	Acute EC50 5800 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex -	48 hours
	Acute Lood Jood py/I Flesh water	Neonate	+0 110u15
	Aguto I CEO 1 41 ppm Eroch water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	06 hours
	Acute LC50 1.41 ppm Fresh water		96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.005 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Isochrysis galbana -	96 hours
	Chronic NOTO 052 O man Frank water	Exponential growth phase	40 4
	Chronic NOEC 953.9 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus	43 days
		tshawytscha - Egg	

Persistence and degradability

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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
Ethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
2-Methyl-1-propanol	-	-	Readily
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily
Xylene mixed isomers	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethyl Acetate	-	30	low
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	-	10 to 2500	high
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
Xylene mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

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Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	_	Emergency schedules F-E, S- E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

: Not available.

Proper shipping name : Not available. : Not available. Ship type **Pollution category** : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

History

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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