SAFETY DATA SHEET



Varicure® Satin

Section 1. Identification

Prepared for ATTN:	Prepared by Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. 1431 Progress Ave. High Point, NC 27261 US
Richelieu Rocky Hill P O Box 687 Rocky Hill, CT 06067 US	(336) 841-5111 In case of emergency (Health or Spills): CHEMTREC (US and Canada) (800) 424-9300
	: 431-4635-D.91CG, 431-4635-D1CG, 431-4635-D4.5PRS, 431-4635-D55O5, 431-4635-D55OA1, 431-4635-D55OA2, 431-4635-D55TA2, 431-4635-D5PRS : Varicure® Satin

Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (eyes and nervous system) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/15/2022 Date of previous issue : 12/15/2022 Version : 44. 1/ 06

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. (eyes, nervous system) May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements	
General	 Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
lazards not otherwise	: None known.

classified

NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged OVEREXPOSURE to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this package may be harmful or fatal.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: M330-35L4V-96

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥10 - ≤25	108-65-6
propan-2-one	≤10	67-64-1
1-propanol, 2-methyl-	<10	78-83-1
nitrocellulose	≤10	9004-70-0
2-propanol	≤10	67-63-0
methanol	≤10	67-56-1
dioctyl terephthalate	≤3	6422-86-2
isobutyl acetate	≤3	110-19-0
toluene	≤0.3	108-88-3

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Potential acute health eff	ects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u>	<u>ptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate n	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

indication of infinediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will c and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to se may create fire or explosion hazard.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suita training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use wate spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	able
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
butyl acetate	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate propan-2-one	None. ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
1-propanol, 2-methyl-	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 152 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
nitrocellulose 2-propanol methanol	None. ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed
	through skin.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
dioctyl terephthalate	None.
isobutyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
toluene	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States).
	CEIL: 500 ppm
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Respiratory protection
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: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: L	_iquid.
Color	: N	Not available.
Odor	: N	Not available.
Odor threshold	: N	Not available.
рН	: N	Not available.
Melting point	: N	Not available.
Boiling point	: 5	56 - 146 °C (132.8 - 294.8 °F)
Flash point	: (Closed cup: -20°C (-4°F)
Evaporation rate	: F	Highest known value: Greater than 1. (propan-2-one) compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: N	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: L	_ower: 1.4% Upper: 36.5%
Vapor pressure	: 1	185 mm Hg (24.605 kPa) (Highest known value: propan-2-one)
Vapor density	: >	> 1 (Air = 1) (Calculation method)
Density	: 0	0.94 g/cm ³
Solubility	: N	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: N	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 4	415 °C (779 °F) (Lowest known value: butyl acetate)
Decomposition temperature	: N	Not available.
Viscosity	: N	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
propan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	50100 mg/m ³	8 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
1-propanol, 2-methyl-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	12000 ppm	8 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
isobutyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	3500 ppm	4 hours
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12124 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

This product under certain conditions could release formaldehyde in sufficient quantities to require monitoring under OSHA regulations. Formaldehyde is a known carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
toluene		Mammal - species unspecified	-	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
propan-2-one	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
1-propanol, 2-methyl-	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
methanol	Category 1	Not determined	eyes and nervous system
toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Information on the likely

Name	Result
toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

routes of exposure		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Not available.

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Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms stomach pains reduced fetal weigl increase in fetal de skeletal malformat	aths		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms pain or irritation redness blistering may occu reduced fetal weigl increase in fetal de skeletal malformat	nt eaths		
Inhalation	nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weigl increase in fetal de skeletal malformat	nt eaths ions		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms pain watering redness	s may include the following:		

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
Oral	1555.9 mg/kg			
Dermal	4431.8 mg/kg			
Inhalation (vapors)	50.75 mg/l			

Section 12. Ecological information

Data available upon request.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal	methods
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: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Please Note: The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	11	11	11	11	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable guantity 20742.9 lbs / 9417.3 kg [2646.6 gal / 10018.4 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).			

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

5		<i>.</i>					
I.S. Federal regulations	: 1	SCA 8(a) CDR E	Exempt/Parti	al exemption	n: Not determi	ned	
	ι	Jnited States inv	ventory (TSC	A 8b): All cor	mponents are	listed or exemp	oted.
		Clean Air Act (C) nethanol; formalo				ylene, mixed iso	omers; cumene
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: 1	Not listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: ١	Not listed					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: 1	Not listed					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: 1	Not listed					
SARA 302/304							
Composition/information of	on in	<u>gredients</u>					
No products were found.							
SARA 304 RQ	: 1	Not applicable.					
<u>SARA 311/312</u>							
Classification	I	Fire hazard mmediate (acute Delayed (chronic)					
Composition/information of	on in	<u>gredients</u>					
Name		%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
butyl acetate		≥10 - ≤25	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ac	etate		Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
propan-2-one		≤10	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

toluene

nitrocellulose

2-propanol

methanol

1-propanol, 2-methyl-

dioctyl terephthalate

isobutyl acetate

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	methanol	67-56-1	≤10

Yes.

Yes.

Yes.

Yes.

No.

Yes.

Yes.

No.

Yes.

No.

Yes.

Yes.

No.

Yes.

Yes.

No.

No.

Yes.

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	:	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	None of the components are listed.

<10

≤10

≤10

≤10

≤3

≤3

≤0.3

Pennsylvania : None of the components are listed.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. **WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
methanol	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
toluene	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
formaldehyde	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
naphthalene	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
cumene	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	 Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

Classification		Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (eyes and nervous system) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	: 12/15/2022		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/15/2022		
Date of previous issue	: 12/15/2022		
Version	: 44.06		
Key to abbreviations	BCF = Bioconcentration Fa GHS = Globally Harmonize IATA = International Air Tra IBC = International Air Co IMDG = International Mariti LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL = International C	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations	
References	: Not available.	Not available.	

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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