

Date of issue: 04/12/2018 Revision date: 04/12/2018 Supersedes: 11/05/2015

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SECTION 1: Identifica	ation			
1.1. Identification				
Product form	: Substand	e .		
Substance name	: Acetone			
Chemical name	: Acetone			
CAS-No.	: 67-64-1			
Formula	: C3H6O			
Synonyms		pane / 2-oxopropane / 2-propanon	/ 2 propanona / acotona / aco	tono NE / acotono oi
- , ,	/ AI3-012 brenzlich propane dimethylk pyroligne propane oxo-2-pro	38 / Azeton / beta-ketopropaan / b er Essigether / brenzlicher Essigge / cétopropane / chevron acetone / c cetal / Dimethylketon / DMK (=dime ux / Essiggeist / éther pyroacétique / Ketopropan / KTI acetone / methy opane / Propan-2-on / propanone-2 roessigether / STEC 4908105/ AC	eta-Ketopropan / Boorol 11 VI bist / Caswell No.004 / céto 2 p dimethyl formaldehyde / dimet thyl ketone) / esprit pyroacétic e / éther pyroligneux / FEMA N d acetyl / méthyl acétyle / methyl s / pyroacetic acid / pyroacetic	B / Brenzessiggeist / propane / cétone hyl ketone / que / esprit lo 3326 / ketone hylierter Aldehyd /
1.2. Recommended u	se and restrictions on use			
Use of the substance/mixture	Cleansin	g product I raw material		
1.3. Supplier				
Atlanta Branch Office	Ocoee Branch Office	Spartanburg Branch Office		
Whitaker Oil Company	Whitaker Oil Company	Whitaker Chemicals LLC		
1557 Marietta Road NW	280 Enterprise Street	405 John Dodd Road		
Atlanta, GA 30318	Ocoee, FL 34761	Spartanburg, SC 29303		
404-355-8220 (t)	407-656.0088 (t)	864-578-6968 (t)		
404-355-2436 (f)	407-877-8335 (f)	864-578-6864 (f)		
1.4. Emergency telep Emergency number		REC 800-424-9300		
	\identification			
SECTION 2: Hazard(s	the substance or mixture			
GHS-US classification	L1005	lighty flommoble liquid and yests		
Flammable liquids Category 2	H225 H	lighly flammable liquid and vapor		
Serious eye damage/eye	H319 C	Causes serious eye irritation		
irritation Category 2A Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	H336 N	lay cause drowsiness or dizziness		
Full text of H statements : se	ee section 16			
2.2. GHS Label eleme	ents, including precautionary st	atements		
GHS-US labeling	into, including precautionally St	atomento		
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US	5) :			
Signal word (CLIC, LIC)				
Signal word (GHS-US) Hazard statements (GHS-US	́Н319 - С	ighly flammable liquid and vapor auses serious eye irritation ay cause drowsiness or dizziness		
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Precauti	ionary statements (GHS-US)	:	skin with water/shower P304+P340 - If inhaled: Re P305+P351+P338 - If in ey lenses, if present and easy P312 - Call a POISON CEN P337+P313 - If eye irritation	ly closed ner and receiving equip electrical, lighting, venting tools measures against static t, fume, gas, mist, vapor ly after handling r in a well-ventilated are res, protective clothing, tin (or hair): Take off imr move person to fresh ail es: Rinse cautiously with to do. Continue rinsing ITER or doctor/physicial persists: Get medical a : Use dry sand, D-powd I-ventilated place. Keep I-ventilated place. Keep	ment lating equi discharge s, spray a eye protect nediately a r and keep n water for n if you fee advice/atter er, alcohol container cool	pment tion, face protection Il contaminated clothing. Rinse comfortable for breathing several minutes. Remove contact I unwell ntion resistant foam to extinguish tightly closed
2.3.	Other hazards which do not result in	n cl	assification			
No addi	tional information available					
2.4.	Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)					
lot app	licable					
SECT	ON 3: Composition/Informatio	n	on ingredients			
8.1.	Substances					
	ice type	:	Mono-constituent			
Name		-		Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Aceton	2			(CAS-No.) 67-64-1	100	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
(Main constituent)				(Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
⁻ ull text	of hazard classes and H-statements : se	ee s	section 16			
3.2.	Mixtures					
Not app						
SECT	ON 4: First-aid measures					
1.1.	Description of first aid measures					
⁻ irst-aid	measures general	:	: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.			
-irst-aid	measures after inhalation	:	Remove the victim into fres	h air. Respiratory proble	ms: consu	It a doctor/medical service.
irst-aid	measures after skin contact	:	Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing before washing. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.			
irst-aid	measures after eye contact	:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.			
First-aid measures after ingestion :		:	Rinse mouth with water. Im milk/oil to drink. Do not indu	ice vomiting. Give active ervice if you feel unwell.	ated charco	of water to drink. Do not give al. Call Poison Control Center. f large quantities: immediately to

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	Odour tolerance may develop. Non-toxic if swallowed (LD50 oral, rat > 5000 mg/kg). Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Non-toxic in contact with skin (LD50 skin> 5000 mg/kg). May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Non-toxic by inhalation (LC50 inh, rat > 50 mg/l/4h). Slightly irritant to respiratory organs. Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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Symptom	s/effects after inhalation	EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Feeling of weakness. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Central nervous system depression. Dizziness. Narcosis. Excited/restless. Drunkenness. Disturbed motor response. Respiratory difficulties. Disturbances of consciousness.
Symptom	s/effects after skin contact	ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Not irritating. Cracking of the skin.
Symptom	s/effects after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue.
Symptom	s/effects after ingestion	: Dry/sore throat. Risk of aspiration pneumonia. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation. AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Change in urine output. Affection of the renal tissue. Enlargement/affection of the liver.
Chronic s	symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Dry/sore throat. Headache. Nausea. Feeling of weakness. Loss of weight. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.
4.3.	Immediate medical attention and spec	cial treatment, if necessary
Treat syr	nptomatically.	
SECTIO	ON 5: Fire-fighting measures	
5.1.	Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishin	ng media
Suitable	extinguishing media	: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting class B foam extinguisher. Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher. Class B foam (alcohol-resistant). Water spray if puddle cannot expand.
Unsuitab	e extinguishing media	: Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel); risk of puddle expansion. Water; risk of puddle expansion.
5.2.	Specific hazards arising from the che	mical
Fire haza	rd	DIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Gas/vapor flammable with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD: May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapor spreads at floor level: ignition hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".
Explosio	hazard	 DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD: Gas/vapour explosive with air within explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD: Heat may cause pressure rise in tanks/drums: explosion risk. may be ignited by sparks. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".
Reactivity	/	: Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds. Prolonged storage: on exposure to light: release of harmful gases/vapors.
5.3.	Special protective equipment and pre	cautions for fire-fighters
Firefighti	ng instructions	: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistent risk of physical explosion.
Protectio	n during firefighting	: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.
SECTIO	DN 6: Accidental release measu	ires
6.1.	Personal precautions, protective equi	
6.1.1.	For non-emergency personnel	
		: Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus.
Emergen	cy procedures	: Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation. Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers closed. Wash contaminated clothes.
6.1.2.	For emergency responders	
Protectiv	e equipment	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
6.2.	Environmental precautions	
Prevent s	spreading in sewers.	
6.3.	Methods and material for containmen	t and cleaning up
For conta	inment	: Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gasair mixture. Dilute/disperse combustible gas/vapor with water curtain. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.

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Methods for cleaning up	: Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Spill must not return in its original container. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.
Other information	: Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
For further information refer to section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation. Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Handle uncleaned empty containers as full ones. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Do not use compressed air for pumping over.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, includin	g any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.
Storage temperature	: 15 - 20 °C
Heat-ignition	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.
Information on mixed storage	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. reducing agents. (strong) acids. (strong) bases. halogens. amines.
Storage area	: Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Store in a dry area. Store in a dark area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Provide for an automatic sprinkler system. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. Meet the legal requirements.
Special rules on packaging	: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. with pressure relief valve. clean. opaque. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials	: SUITABLE MATERIAL: steel. stainless steel. carbon steel. aluminum. iron. copper. nickel.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control par	ameters	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
ACGIH	Local name	Acetone
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	250 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	eye irr; CNS impair; BEI
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2400 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls

: Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Materials for protective clothing:

GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. tetrafluoroethylene. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: chlorosulfonated polyethylene. natural rubber. neoprene. polyurethane. PVA. styrene-butadiene rubber. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: nitrile rubber. polyethylene. PVC. viton. nitrile rubber/PVC

Hand protection:

Gloves

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Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Full face mask with filter type AX at conc. in air > exposure limit

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Liquid	
Appearance	: Liquid.	
Color	: Colourless	
Odor	: Aromatic odour Sweet odour Fruity odour	
Odor threshold	: 306 - 653 ppm 737 - 1574 mg/m ³	
pH	: 7 (10 g/l)	
Melting point	: -95 °C	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: 56 °C	
Critical temperature	: 235 °C	
Critical pressure	: 47010 hPa	
Flash point	: -17 °C (Closed cup)	
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: 6	
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: 2	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.	
Vapor pressure	: 247 hPa (20 °C)	
Vapor pressure at 50 °C	: 828 hPa	
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 2	
Relative density	: 0.79	
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: 1.2	
Specific gravity / density	: 786 kg/m³	
Molecular mass	: 58.08 g/mol	
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in dimethyl ether. Soluble in petroleum spirit. Soluble in chloroform. Soluble in dimethylformamide. Soluble in oils/fats. Water: complete Ethanol: complete Ether: complete	
Log Pow	: -0.24 (Test data)	
Auto-ignition temperature	: 465 °C	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 0.417 mm²/s	
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.32 mPa.s (20 °C)	
Explosion limits	: 2 - 12.8 vol % 60 - 310 g/m ³ LEL: 2 vol % UEL: 12.8 vol %	
Explosive properties	: No data available	
Oxidizing properties	: No data available	
9.2. Other information		
Minimum ignition energy	: 1.15 mJ	
Specific conductivity	: 6000000 pS/m (25 °C)	
Saturation concentration	: 589 g/m³	

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VOC content

Other properties

: 100 %
: Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Clear. Highly volatile. Substance has neutral reaction.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds. Prolonged storage: on exposure to light: release of harmful gases/vapors.

10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological informati	on
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Acetone (67-64-1)	
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	76 mg/l (Other, 4 h, Rat, Female, Experimental value)
ATE US (oral)	5800 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	20000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	30000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	71 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	71 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: 7 (10 g/l)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
	pH: 7 (10 g/l)
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Odour tolerance may develop. Non-toxic if swallowed (LD50 oral, rat > 5000 mg/kg). Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Non-toxic in contact with skin (LD50 skin> 5000 mg/kg). May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Non-toxic by inhalation (LC50 inh, rat > 50 mg/l/4h). Slightly irritant to respiratory organs. Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Feeling of weakness. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Central nervous system depression. Dizziness. Narcosis. Excited/restless. Drunkenness. Disturbed motor response. Respiratory difficulties. Disturbances of consciousness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Not irritating. Cracking of the skin.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue.

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Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Dry/sore throat. Risk of aspiration pneumonia. Symptoms similar to those listed under inhalation. AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Irritation of the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Change in urine output. Affection of the renal tissue. Enlargement/affection of the liver.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Red skin. Skin rash/inflammation. Dry/sore throat. Headache. Nausea. Feeling of weakness. Loss of weight. Possible inflammation of the respiratory tract.
SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Ecology - air	: Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014). Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009).
Ecology - water	: Not harmful to crustacea. Not harmful to fishes. Inhibition of activated sludge. Not harmful to algae. Not harmful to plankton.
Acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 fish 1	5540 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.2 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.872 (20 day(s), Literature study)
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Acetone (67-64-1)	
BCF fish 1	0.69 (Pisces)
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)
Log Pow	-0.24 (Test data)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Acetone (67-64-1)	
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
12.5. Other adverse effects	
12.3. Other adverse effects	

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Disposal methods		
Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle by distillation. Incinerate under surveillance with energy recovery.	

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SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of	Transportation	(DOT)	
		(

In accordance with DOT

In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN1090 Acetone, 3, II
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1090
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Acetone
Class (DOT)	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Packing group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 3 - Flammable liquid
	PLAMARE LIQUID 3
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	 IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 150
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 5L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 127
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions	: Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow water (or moist air) contact with this material. Do not empty into drains. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.
Transportation of Dangerous Goods	
Transport by sea	
Transport document description (IMDG)	: UN 1090 acetone, 3, II
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1090
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: acetone
Class (IMDG)	: 3 - Flammable liquids
Packing group (IMDG)	: II - substances presenting medium danger
EmS-No. (1)	: F-E
EmS-No. (2)	: S-D
Air transport	
Transport document description (IATA)	: UN 1090 Acetone, 3, II
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1090
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Acetone
Class (IATA)	: 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA)	: II - Medium Danger
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
15.1. US Federal regulations		
Acetone (67-64-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporing requirements of the United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations		
Acetone (67-64-1)		
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	

SECTION 16: Other information			
Rev	vision date	: 04/12/2018	
Full text of H-phrases:			
	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor	
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
NFPA health hazard		: 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.	
NFF	PA fire hazard	: 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.	
NFF	PA reactivity	: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.	

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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